

# The Impact of ICT Use in Manufacturing Firms in Thailand

#### Joint UNCTAD – Thailand NSO Project

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# Outline

- Research Methodology and Data Sets
- Some results
- Lessons learned, experience gained from the joint project
- Recommendation

## **Research Methodology**

The research based on 2 data sets :

- 2007 ICT Business Survey(70,800 sample firms) for overview of ICT uptake by firms
- 2003 Manufacturing Survey (8,862 sample firms) for productivity analysis using econometric techniques

Study firms with at least 1 employee

## **Empirical models**

Cobb Douglas framework

$$\ln\left(\frac{sales}{L}\right) = \beta_0 + \beta_1 ICTVariabl \ e + \beta_2 \ln\left(\frac{K}{L}\right) + \beta_3 \ln\left(\frac{M}{L}\right) + \beta_4 \ln(L) + \beta_5 Multi \ \_unit + \beta_5 Multi$$

+ $\beta_6 Foreign \_ capital + \beta_h region + \beta_i Industry + u$ 

where i takes values between 1 and 14 and h between 1 and 6.

- Labour productivity measured by value of sales per employee
- K = Capital , M = Spending on materials , L = Labor
- ICT variables comprise of presence of computers, access to internet and presence of website

including intensity of computer ; proportion of employee using computers and number of computers per employee

- Multi\_unit = Form of economic organization (head offices ,branches or single unit )
- Foreign\_capital = Foreign capital participation

#### **Percentage of Firms by Economic Activities**



#### Percentage of Firms by size of Firm and Industry : 2007



#### Percentage of Firms with presence of computer :2007



#### Percentage of Firms with Access to Internet :2007



Percentage of Firms by presence of Web site and purposes of using web site : 2007



- Advertisement of products and firms 84.4%
- Inquiry / Contact facility 67.5%
- Receiving purchased order 16.3%
- Providing after sales services 8.9%
- Online payment 2.4 %
- Internal Information networking 5.7%

**Note :** An Establishment could answer more than 1 purpose

# Some results of ICT impact on productivity

 Computer Use , Internet access and Web presence in manufacturing firms are associated with significantly higher sales per employee (labor productivity)

- computer presence : 14.6 %

- internet access : 3.7 % additional from computers

- web presence : 3.8 % additional from computers and internet

### Some results

Intensity of computer use was reflected in higher productivity gains

- 3.6% higher labor productivity with 10% increase in the share of employees using computers

- 4 % higher labor productivity with 10 % increase in no. of computers per employee Lessons learned, experience gained from the joint project

- 1. Learning of applying Econometrics for ICT data analysis and using software SPSS from training
- 2. Learning by doing own in-depth data analysis in parallel with UNCTAD (as best practice) who provide technical assistance via email

- conceptual frame work , empirical modeling and model selection techniques

- solving heteroskedasticity and checking robustness
- data analysis and interpretation

Lessons learned, experience gained from the exercise

- Gain more skill in processing micro firm data and applying econometric in data analysis
- Gain more techniques in data manipulation
- Gain in motivation for using Eviews software in running regression by our own

#### Recommendation

- An appropriate software for econometric analysis should be selected for learning and practicing at the beginning ,ie. Eviews
- Technical assistance provided via long distance (email) is suitable for whom quite skills in statistics, data processing, fare English and regular communication.

# THANK YOU Sawaddee Ka

